

” بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم ”

پانچ سوالات کنکور کارنس کاررہ ۹۷

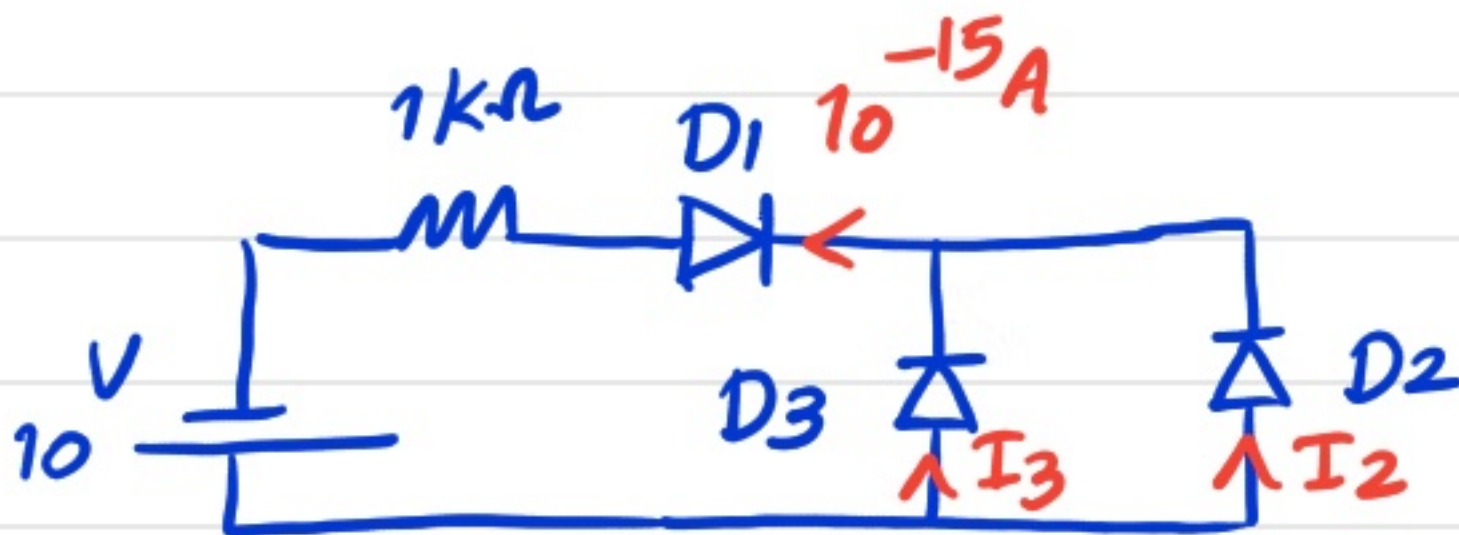
پوریا کریمی

karami - poorya@ee.sharif.edu

Telegram: @pooryaKarami92

سوال ۶۱ - گزینہوی (۱)

D_1 ← ناصبی معکوس
 D_2, D_3 ← ناصبی مستقیم



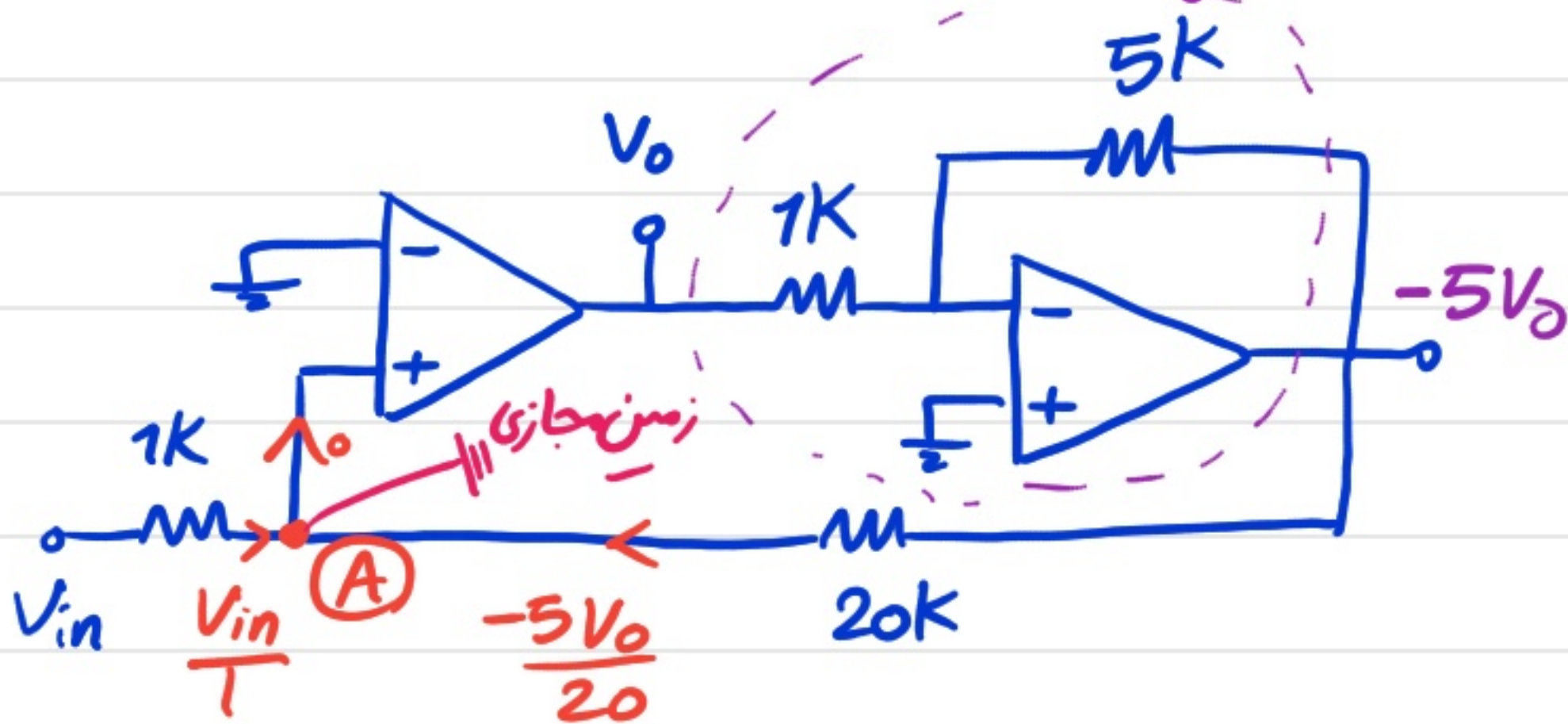
$$I_3 = \frac{I_{S3}}{I_{S2} + I_{S3}} \times 10^{-15} = 0.25 \times 10^{-15} A$$

$$I_2 = \frac{I_{S2}}{I_{S2} + I_{S3}} \times 10^{-15} = 0.75 \times 10^{-15} A$$

$$I_3 = 2.5 \times 10^{-16} A$$

سوال ۶۲ - گزینشی (۲)

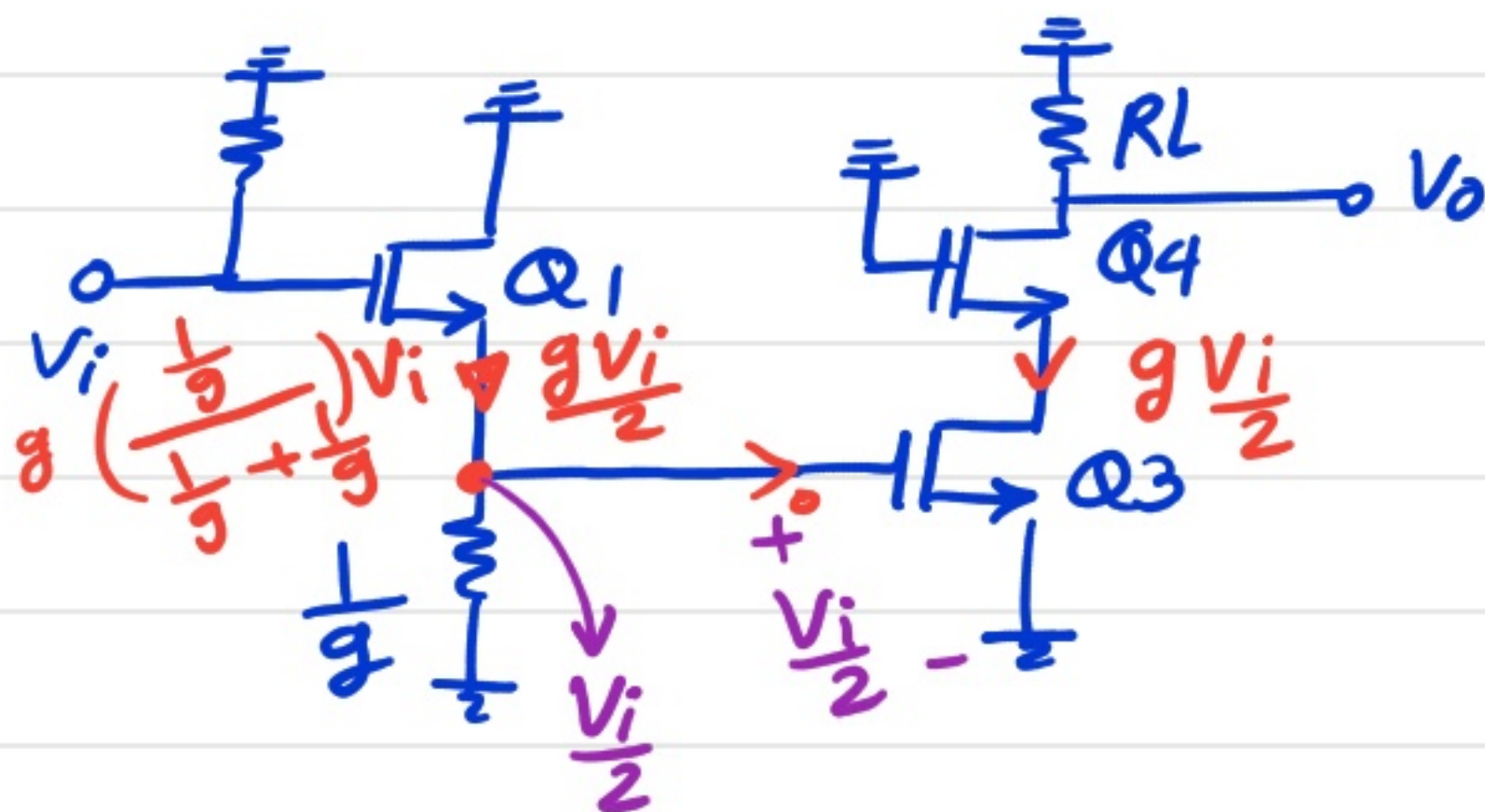
Inverting



$$\text{Kcl @ A: } -\frac{5V_o}{20} + V_{in} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow A_v = \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = 4$$

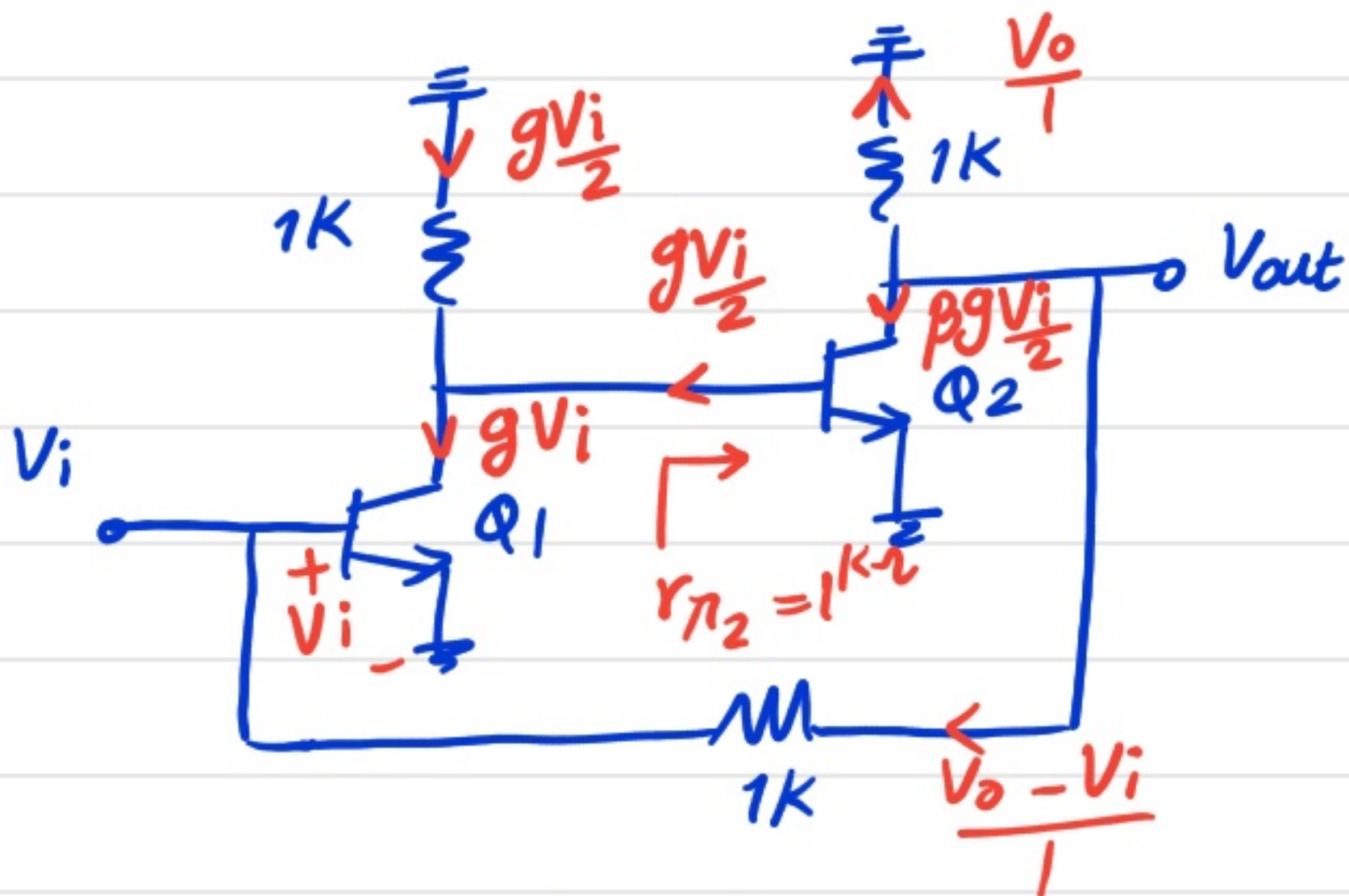
سوال ۶۳- گزینہ ہی (۳)



$$V_{out} = -g \frac{V_i}{2} \times R_L \Rightarrow |A_v| = \frac{1}{2} g_m R_L$$

سوال ۴۴ - گزینہ وی (۳)

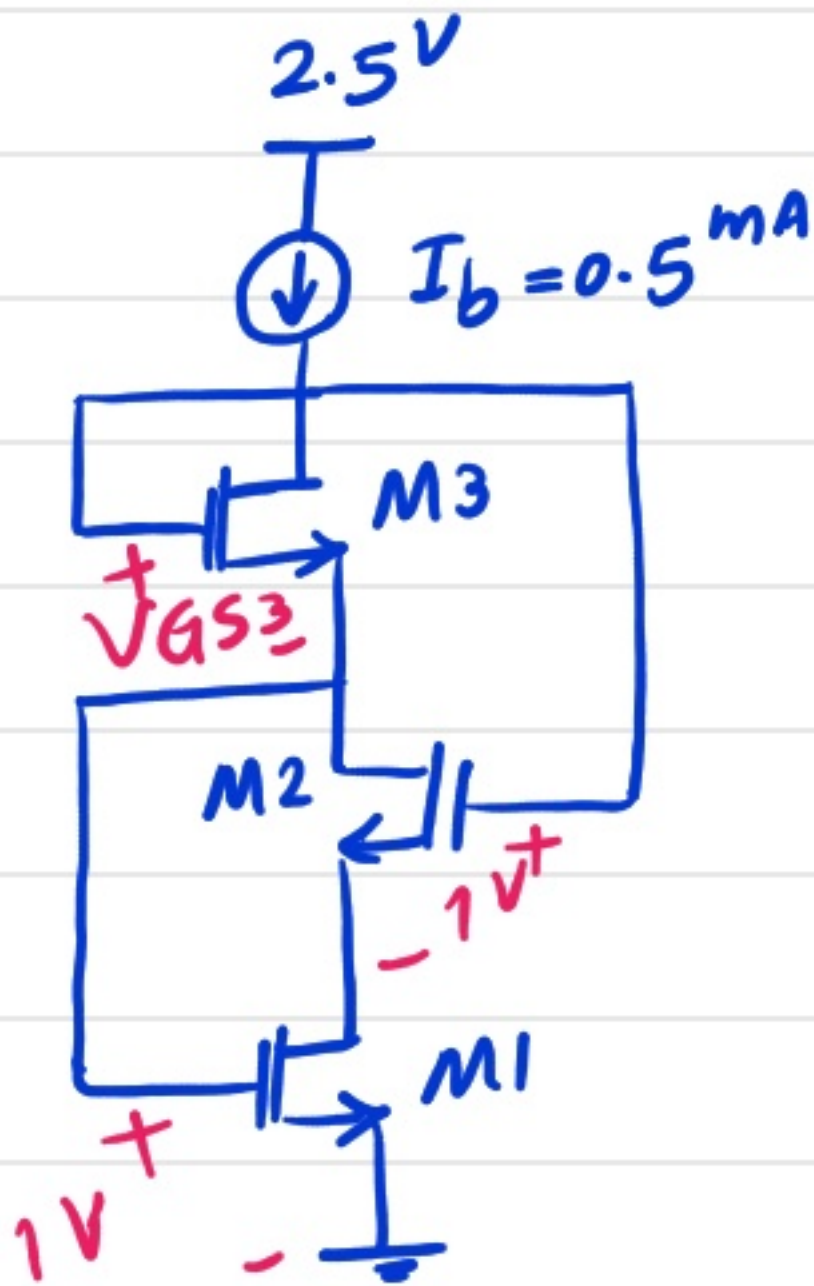
جین کلتور Q_2 دو مقامت بیان ($r_{\pi 2}, 1K^{\Omega}$)
 میں ہیں بصورت بیان تقسیم مرگور



$$KCL : \frac{V_0}{1} + \frac{V_0 - V_i}{1} = \beta \frac{gV_i}{2}$$

$$2V_0 \approx 800 V_i \Rightarrow A_v \approx 400$$

سؤال 45 - ليزنہ سی (۴)



M3 صوارہ السبع صبابہ

$$M1 \text{ لیزنہ السبع } \Rightarrow V_{GD1} \leq 0.5 \Rightarrow 1 - (1 + V_{GS3} - 1) \leq 0.5$$

$$1 - V_{GS3} \leq 0.5 \Rightarrow \boxed{V_{GS3} \geq 0.5}$$

$$M2 \text{ لیزنہ السبع } \Rightarrow V_{GD2} \leq 0.5 \Rightarrow (1 + V_{GS3}) - 1 \leq 0.5$$

$$\boxed{V_{GS3} \leq 0.5}$$

پس بڑا السجج بورن هس ترا نرسور ها :

$$V_{GS_3} = 0.5 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{D_3} = I_b = 0.5 \text{ mA}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{10} \times \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_3 \times (0.5 - 0.4)^2 = 0.5$$

$$\left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_3 = \frac{0.5}{0.5 \times 0.4 \times 0.01} = 250$$

سؤال 44 - كرنبي (٢)

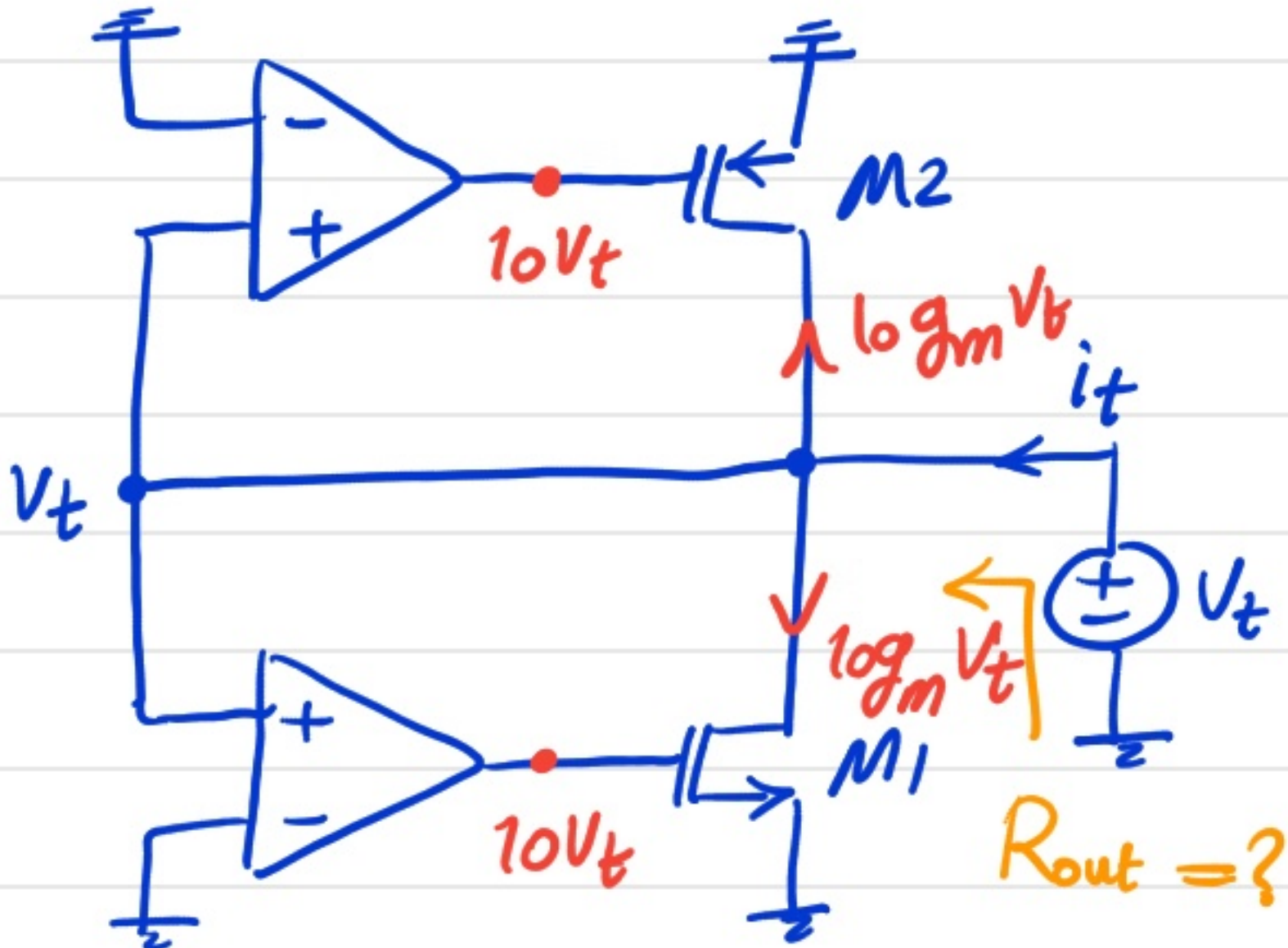
تحليل DC

فجتي $A_{1,2}$

$$V_{GS} = 2.5 - 1.8 = 0.7$$

$$I_D = \frac{1}{2} \times 25 \times (0.7 - 0.5)^2 = 0.5 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_D = 0.5 \text{ mA} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} r_o = 20 \text{ k}\Omega \\ g_m = 5 \text{ mS} \end{cases}$$



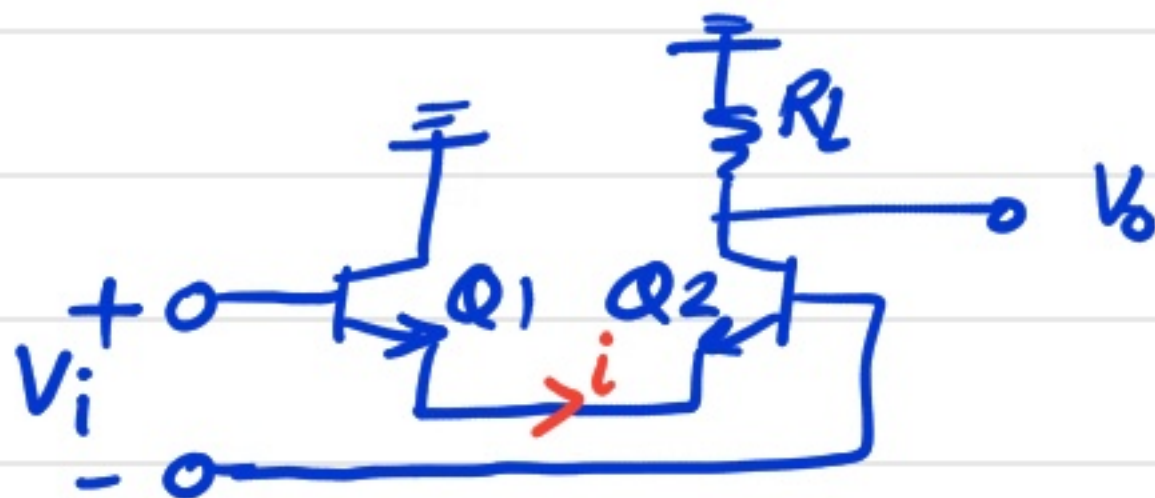
$$i_t = 10 g_m v_t + 10 g_m v_t$$

$$R_{out} = \frac{v_t}{i_t} = \frac{1}{20 g_m} = \frac{1}{20 \times 5 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$R_{out} = 10^{-\Omega}$$

سؤال ٧٧ - گزینہ (۴)

$$I_1 = I_2 = 1 \text{ mA} \Rightarrow g_{m1,2} = 40 \text{ ms}$$



$$i = \frac{V_i}{\frac{1}{g_1} + \frac{1}{g_2}} = 20 V_i, V_{out} = R_L \times i$$

$$V_{out} = R_L \times 20 V_i \xrightarrow{A_v = 60} R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$$

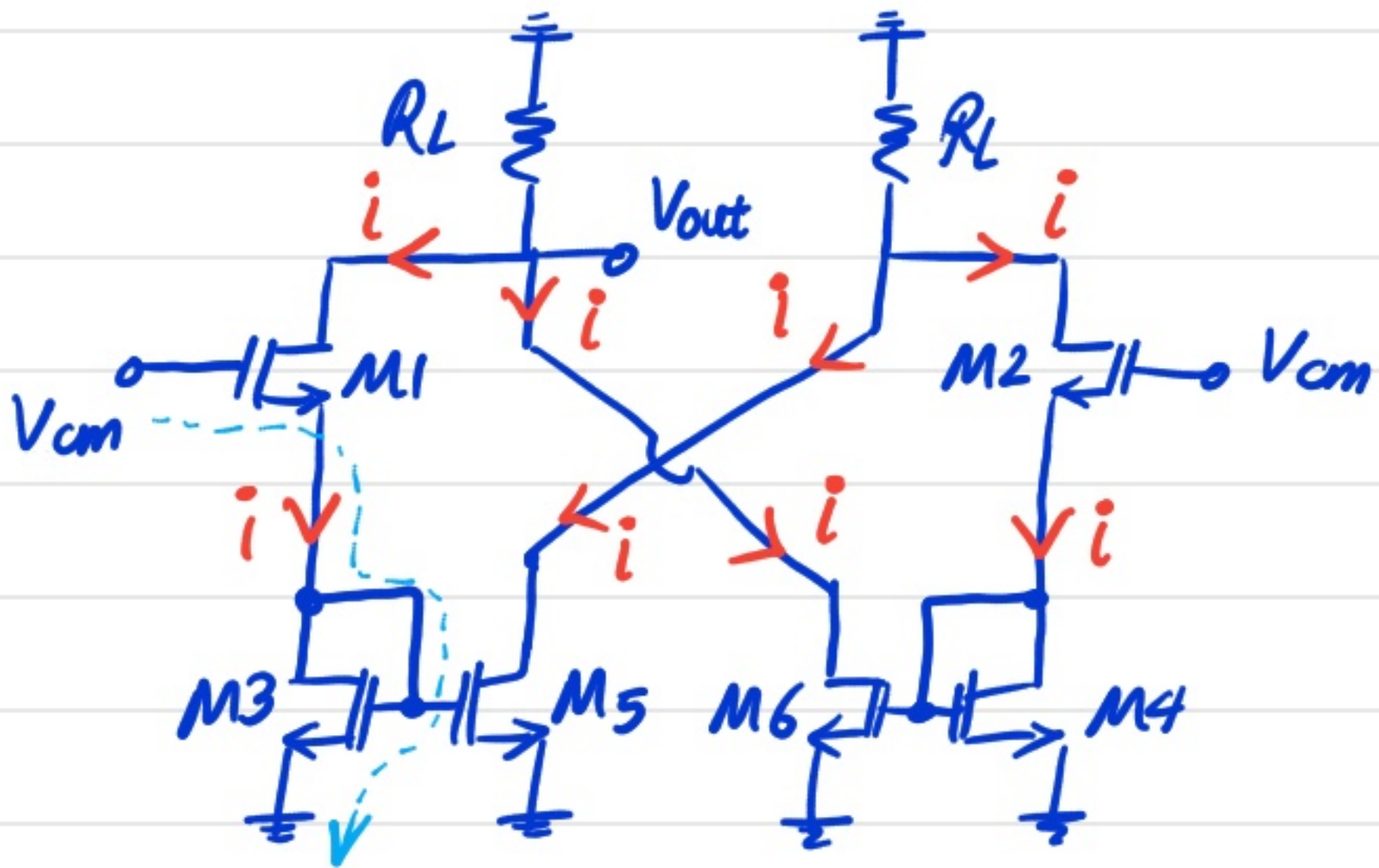
$$I_1 = 1 \text{ mA}, I_2 = 2 \text{ mA}$$

$$i = \frac{V_i}{\frac{1}{g_1} + \frac{1}{g_2}} = \frac{80}{3} V_i$$

$$V_{out} = R_L \times i = 3 \times \frac{80}{3} V_i$$

$$A_v = \frac{V_{out}}{V_i} = 80$$

سؤال ٧٨ - گزینشی (٤) i جریان M_1, M_2 مدستد



$$\text{KVL: } V_{cm} = \frac{1}{g_{m1}} \cdot i + \frac{1}{g_{m3}} i = 0.2i$$

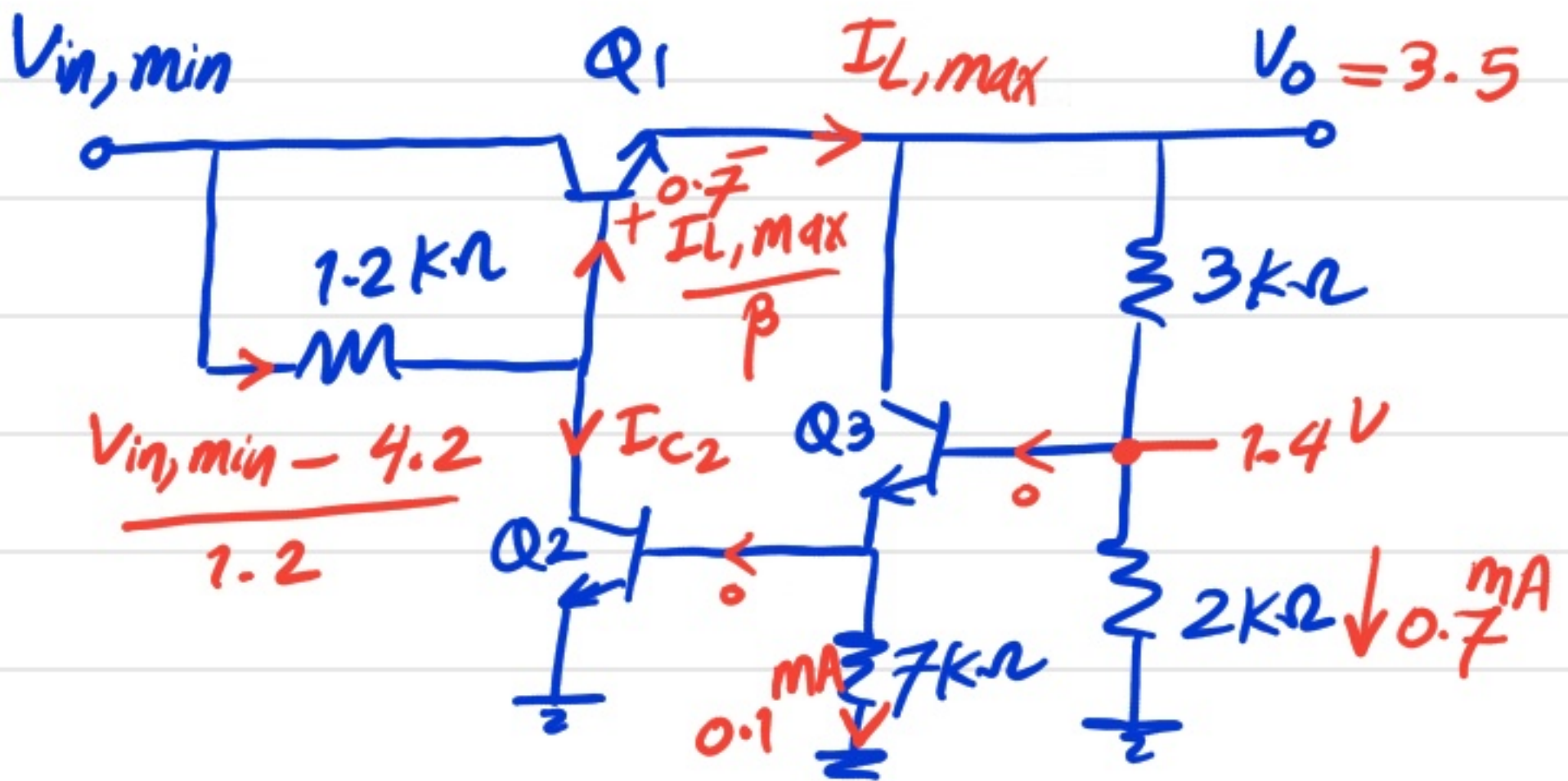
$$i = \frac{V_{cm}}{0.2}$$

$$V_{out} = -2i \times R_L = -2R_L \times \frac{V_{cm}}{0.2}$$

$$|A_{cm}| = 20$$

سوال ۲۹ - سرنوی (۱)

$I_{L,max} \rightarrow V_{in,min}, I_{C2,min}$



$$\frac{V_{in,min} - 4.2}{1.2} = \frac{I_{L,max}}{\beta} + I_{C2,min}$$

$$\frac{I_{C2,min} = 0}{1.2} \rightarrow \frac{9 - 4.2}{1.2} = \frac{I_{L,max}}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{L,max} = 0.4 \text{ A}$$